## 9<sup>th</sup> Yazd International Congress and Student Award on Reproductive Medicine with 4<sup>th</sup> Congress of Reproductive Genetics

## **Poster Presentations**

## **P-6**

Prevention of uterine fibrosis in rabbit model by intrauterine stem cell conditioned media injection immediately after endometrial curettage

Bazoobandi S<sup>1</sup>, Tanideh N<sup>1, 2</sup>, Rahmanifar F<sup>3</sup>, Zare S<sup>1</sup>, Koohi-Hosseinabadi O<sup>4, 5</sup>, Razeghian-Jahromi I<sup>6</sup>, Dianatpour M<sup>1</sup>, Ahmadi M<sup>1</sup>, Khoradmehr A<sup>7</sup>, Nabipour I<sup>7</sup>, Khodabandeh Z<sup>1</sup>, Tamadon A<sup>7</sup>.

- 1. Stem Cells Technology Research Center, Shiraz University of Medical Sciences, Shiraz, Iran.
- 2.Department of Pharmacology, Medical School, Shiraz University of Medical Sciences, Shiraz, Iran.
- 3.Department of Basic Sciences, School of Veterinary Medicine, Shiraz University, Shiraz, Iran.
- 4.Laparoscopy Research Center, Shiraz University of Medical Sciences, Shiraz, Iran.
- 5. Central Research Laboratory, Shiraz University of Medical Sciences, Shiraz, Iran.
- 6. Cardiovascular Research Center, Shiraz University of Medical Sciences, Shiraz, Iran.

7. The Persian Gulf Marine Biotechnology Research Center, The Persian Gulf Biomedical Sciences Research Institute, Bushehr University of Medical Sciences, Bushehr, Iran.

Email: amintamaddon@gmail.com

**Background:** Uterine fibrosis or Asherman's syndrome is a uterine acquired disorder with symptoms of implantation disturbances, menstrual irregularities and abortion.

**Objective:** The main goal of this study was evaluation of the effects of conditioned media of bone marrowderived mesenchymal stromal/stem cells (BM-MSCs) in prevention of uterine fibrosis immediately after uterine curettage in rabbit.

**Materials and Methods:** This study included 12 female rabbits (24 uterine horns in total) were randomly divided into four groups of intact negative control, curettage positive control, stem cell therapy, and stem cell conditioned media injection in the way that two corresponding uteri from a rabbit were assigned in different groups.

**Results:** The BM-MSC-conditioned media treated uterus showed regenerated endometrial layer compared with lower diameter of endometrium in the control group. It showed that BM-MSC-conditioned media play a positive role in the regeneration of the uterine wall. Area of fibrotic tissue in the treated groups was lower than the control groups.

**Conclusion:** Injected stem cell conditioned media had preventing effect on occurrence of uterine fibrosis. Therefore, BM-MSC-conditioned media can be suggested to be injected immediately after endometrial curettage.

**Key words:** Mesenchymal stromal/stem cell, Conditioned media, Uterine fibrosis.

The original full text of this abstract has been published in Stem Cells International 2020, Article ID 8849537, 10 pages. https://doi.org/10.1155/2020/8849537.

How to cite to this article: Bazoobandi S, Tanideh N, Rahmanifar F, Zare S, Koohi-Hosseinabadi O, Jahromi IR, Dianatpour M, Khodabandeh Z, Ahmadi M, Khoradmehr A, Nabipour I. Preventive effects of intrauterine injection of bone marrow-derived mesenchymal stromal cell-conditioned media on uterine fibrosis immediately after endometrial curettage in Rabbit. Stem Cells International 2020, Article ID 8849537.